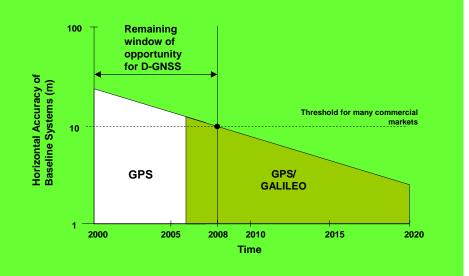
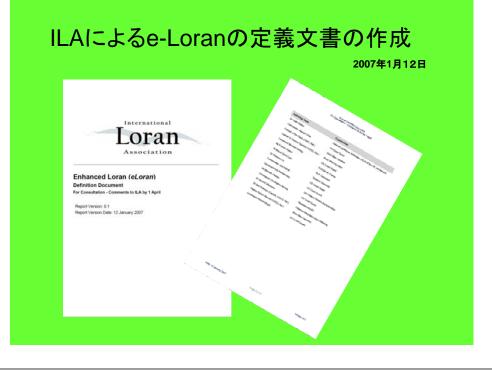


Possible Accuracy timeline



GPSアプリケーション								
航空監視システムの高度化								
INS	$ \Longrightarrow $	GPS+SBAS+GBAS						
SSR	$ \longrightarrow $	ADS-B(Automatic Dependent Surveillance - Broadcast)						
タイミング 携帯電話基地局 💳 San Diego事件								



DODとDHSのeLoran作業班

2007年4月10日(非公式情報)

eLoran継続で合意

・ GPSに障害をもたらす要因を太陽活動と指摘

eLoranの存続に関する一般意見聴取(FRN)

2007年3月15日

意見総数952件中

eLoranの継続に賛成の意見が93%



RTCM eLoran規格化作業を開始

2007年6月7日



Radio Technical Commission for Maritime Services 1800 N. Kent St., Suite 1060 Arlington, Virginia 22209-2109 www.ricm.org hg@rtcm.org

Telephone: +1-703-527-2000

Telefax: +1-703-351-9932

June 7, 2007

DRAFT TERMS OF REFERENCE

RTCM Special Committee 127 Standards for Enhanced Loran (eLoran) Systems

1. Considering that:

- a) Global Navigation Satellite Systems (GNSS) have certain vulnerabilities to interference and outages from both natural and intentional causes;
- b) Critical navigation, communication, and timing applications depend on GNSS services;
- c) The eLoran system has a robust signal which is less vulnerable than GNSS systems to degradation and outages from natural and intentional causes, and can therefore provide an effective back-up to GNSS systems;
- d) Certain providers of navigation services have identified eLoran as the appropriate complimentary, terrestrial radionavigation service to support GNSS services; and
- e) There are presently no known regional or international standards for modern eLoran system components;

2. The Radio Technical Commission for Maritime Services establishes RTCM Special

E-Navigationのコンセプト

- Key Issues Larger & faster vessels Congestion at pinch-points – Dover Straits, Mallaca Straits ... Trend to one/two man bridges Ubiquity of GPS and waypoint navigation Concern over ability to revert from electronic to traditional techniques In some cases safety may worsen
 - Electronic systems encourage a false sense of security
- Human factors
- Definitions

"The collection, integration and display of maritime information onboard and ashore by electronic means, to enhance berth-to-berth navigation and related services, for safety and security at sea, and protection of the marine environment" (IALA)

- Structural components
 - Electronic Navigation Charts
 - Integrated displays using Electronic Chart Display Information Systems
 - Electronic Positioning Systems
 - Vessel route and status information
 - Transmission of positional and navigational information using AIS
 - Information prioritisation and alarm management
- System architecture
 - Currently being developed by the IMO correspondence group led by the UK Department for Transport

System architecture ?

- GMDSS
 - 航海士が通信の実施主体
 - IT技術の積極的導入(専門的知識が不要)
 - 陸上主体の遭難通信体系
- E-Navigation
 - ONE MAN運航
 - GPSによる可視化状況把握
 - 陸上主体の安全航行管理and/or支援体系(地域限定)

Possible e-Navigation timeline (UK)

Development of an E-Navigation Strategy by MSC

Recapitalise GLA DGPS system & deploy AIS as an AtoN

Trigger long-term investment in eLoran

First fully-operational GLA eLoran services

Introduce modernised GPS, Galileo and GLONASS

2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018

First fully-operational Virtual AtoNs service

New GLA e-Navigation control/monitoring centres

Initial e-Navigation fully operational capability

Possible Long-term European eLoran (GPS Back-up) Programme

2005 2006	2007 2008 2009	2010 2011 2	012 2013 2014 2	2015
R&D & Proof of Concept 2004 - 2007	Preparation for Initial Services 2007 - 2010	eLoran Initial Service Provision (ISP) 2010 – 2012	European eLoran Service Roll-out 2012 -2015	
Aim: Keep eLoran alive and extend R&D in order to prepare for initial services	Aim: Trigger long- term investment and initial services in Europe through ERNP	Aim : Launch initial services and transition to European eLoran	Aim: Roll-out eLoran services across Europe	
Task: Identify where eLoran may be needed, high- level cost/benefit analysis and technical proof of concept.	Task: Programme of work for all transport modes: institutional, regulatory, commercial, operational, technical and user. This includes education and PR to build broad support through ERNP.	Task: Transition from current to future institutional and commercial arrangements. Upgrade existing system if needed, deploy dLoran and make ASF maps.	Task: Roll-out multi- modal eLoran services across Europe	

What is the equivalent in the US and elsewhere?

2016

GLAがVTに15年間のeLoran運用委託

The General Lighthouse Authorities award a 15-year eLoran contract to VT

Communications

Published:

May 2007

The General Lighthouse Authorities (GLAs) has announced the award of a prestigious fifteen-year contract to VT Communications (part of VT Group plc) for the provision of a state-of-the-art enhanced Loran (eLoran) radionavigation service to improve the safety of mariners in the UK and Ireland.

The first development phase of this contract, until 2010, will build on existing successes and provide a focus for a European agreement on eLoran service provision. This would then trigger the start of the operational phase from 2010 onwards.

The Department for Transport is sharing the costs during the development phase having recognised the broader potential of Loran to improve the resilience of critical transport infrastructure.

eLoran is intended to assist mariners navigating the complex and crowded waters around our shores and those of our northern European neighbours. It complements Global Navigation Satellite Systems (GNSS) such as GPS and is entirely independent, allowing users to retain the benefits of electronic positioning, navigation and timing when satellite signals are disrupted.

This contract will see VT Communications develop a new Loran station at its radio communications facility in Cumbria, UK. The first signals from the Cumbrian eLoran station will be transmitted on 1st October 2007 with a full trial service launched in November 2007. The existing trial service will be suspended by the end of July 2007.